

> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:24:38 ON 17 JUN 1999)

INDEX 'ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, ANABSTR, AQUASCI,  
BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, CABA,  
CANCERLIT,

CAPLUS, CEABA, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE,  
DRUGB,

DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, ...' ENTERED AT 19:25:04 ON 17 JUN 1999  
SEA EIMERIA

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1 FILE ADISALERTS  
1 FILE ADISINSIGHT  
2678 FILE AGRICOLA  
16 FILE AIDSLINE  
110 FILE AQUASCI  
400 FILE BIOBUSINESS  
15 FILE BIOCOMMERCE  
4805 FILE BIOSIS  
137 FILE BIOTECHABS  
137 FILE BIOTECHDS  
7133 FILE CABA  
44 FILE CANCERLIT  
1447 FILE CAPLUS  
33 FILE CEABA  
4 FILE CIN  
83 FILE CONFSCI  
2 FILE CROPU  
155 FILE DDFB  
48 FILE DDFU  
341 FILE DGENE  
155 FILE DRUGB  
54 FILE DRUGU  
7 FILE EMBAL  
1155 FILE EMBASE  
13 FILE FROSTI  
13 FILE FSTA  
782 FILE GENBANK  
1 FILE HEALSAFE  
98 FILE IFIPAT  
201 FILE JICST-EPLUS  
1103 FILE LIFESCI  
2763 FILE MEDLINE  
1 FILE NIOSHTIC  
19 FILE NTIS  
17 FILE OCEAN  
4 FILE PHAR  
1 FILE PHIC  
106 FILE PHIN  
72 FILE PROMT  
2275 FILE SCISEARCH  
185 FILE TOXLINE  
642 FILE TOXLIT  
583 FILE USPATFULL  
442 FILE WPIDS  
442 FILE WPINDEX

QUE EIMERIA

L1

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SEA L1 AND TRITON  
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6 FILE BIOSIS  
1 FILE BIOTECHABS  
1 FILE BIOTECHDS  
5 FILE CABA  
6 FILE CAPLUS  
2 FILE EMBASE  
4 FILE LIFESCI  
5 FILE MEDLINE  
4 FILE SCISEARCH  
56 FILE USPATFULL  
1 FILE WPIDS  
1 FILE WPINDEX  
L2 QUE L1 AND TRITON  
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FILE 'USPATFULL, BIOSIS, CAPLUS, CABA, MEDLINE, LIFESCI, SCISEARCH,  
EMBASE, BIOTECHDS' ENTERED AT 19:29:12 ON 17 JUN 1999

L3 89 S L2  
L4 66 DUP REM L3 (23 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
L5 33 S L4 AND ADJUVANT  
L6 29 S L5 AND VACCINE  
L7 22 S L6 AND CARRIER  
L8 12 S L7 AND SPOROZOITE?  
L9 4 S L8 AND HYDROPHILIC  
E VERMEULEN, ARNO/IN  
E VERMEULEN, ARNO/AU  
E CLERCX-BREED, DOMINIQUE/AU  
E CLERCX-BREED, DOMINIQUE/IN

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> d his

(FILE 'USPAT' ENTERED AT 18:55:57 ON 17 JUN 1999)

L1 583 S EIMERIA  
L2 54 S L1 AND SPOROZOITE  
L3 44 S L2 AND PROTEIN  
L4 6 S L3 AND HYDROPHILIC  
L5 6 S L4  
L6 4 S L5 AND TRITON  
E VERMEULEN, ARNO/IN  
L7 16 S E2-E6  
L8 4 S L6 AND L7  
E CLERCX-BREED, DOMINIQUE/IN  
L9 4 S L8 AND ADJUVANT  
L10 4 S L9 AND VACCINE  
L11 4 S L10 AND QUIL A  
L12 0 S L11 AND LABEL  
L13 4 S L11 AND IMMUNOL?  
L14 0 S L13 AND CARIER  
L15 4 S L13 AND CARRIER

=> d 1-4 ti

US PAT NO: 5,792,644 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L15: 1 of 4  
TITLE: DNA encoding an **Eimeria** 200 kd antigen

US PAT NO: 5,789,233 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L15: 2 of 4  
TITLE: DNA encoding an Eimekia 50 KD antigen

US PAT NO: 5,780,289 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L15: 3 of 4  
TITLE: Coccidiosis poultry **vaccine** DNA encoding an elmeria  
20K antigen

US PAT NO: 5,670,362 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L15: 4 of 4  
TITLE: DNA encoding an **Eimeria** 100kd antigen

780,289 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] Jul. 14, 1998 L6: 3 of 4  
Coccidiosis poultry vaccine DNA encoding an elmeria 20K antigen

INVENTOR: Arnoldus Nicolaas Vermeulen, HH Cuijk, Netherlands  
Paul van den Boogaart, SC Oss, Netherlands  
Jacobus Johannes Kok, DH Nijmegen, Netherlands  
ASSIGNEE: Akzo Nobel N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (foreign corp.)  
APPL-NO: 08/468,855  
DATE FILED: Jun. 6, 1995  
REL-US-DATA: Division of Ser. No. 310,357, Sep. 21, 1994, which is a  
continuation of Ser. No. 102,865, Aug. 6, 1993,  
abandoned, which is a continuation of Ser. No. 904,075,  
Jun. 18, 1992, abandoned.  
FRN-PRIOR: European Patent Office 91.201.523.7. Jun. 18, 1991  
INT-CL: [6] C12N 5/10; C12N 1/21; C12N 15/30; C12N 15/63  
US-CL-ISSUED: 435/240.1, 69.3, 240.2, 240.4, 252.3, 320.1, 23.5, 23.7  
US-CL-CURRENT: 435/325, 69.3, 252.3, 320.1, 348, 362, 367, 419; 536/23.5,  
23.7  
SEARCH-FLD: 536/23.5, 23.7; 435/69.3, 252.3, 320.1, 240.1, 240.2,  
240.4

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,554,101	11/1985	Hopp
4,639,372	1/1987	Murray et al.
4,710,377	12/1987	Schenkel et al.
4,874,705	10/1989	Andrews et al.
4,879,213	11/1989	Fox et al.
5,028,694	7/1991	Mewman et al.
5,273,901	12/1993	Jacobson et al.
5,279,960	1/1994	Anderson et al.

435/5

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
RN 227621-94-5 REGISTRY  
CN Sorbitan, tri-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, mixt. with (3.beta.)-cholest-5-en-3-ol, (6E,10E,14E,18E)-2,6,10,15,19,23-hexamethyl-2,6,10,14,18,22-tetracosahexaene, Quil-A and sorbitan mono-(9Z)-octadecenoate poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs. (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
CN 2,6,10,14,18,22-Tetracosahexaene, 2,6,10,15,19,23-hexamethyl-, (6E,10E,14E,18E)-, mixt. contg. (9CI)  
CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, mixt. contg. (9CI)  
CN Quil-A, mixt. contg. (9CI)  
CN Sorbitan, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs., mixt. contg. (9CI)  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C60 H108 O8 . C30 H50 . C27 H46 O . Unspecified . Unspecified  
CI MXS  
SR CA  
LC

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
RN 227621-56-9 REGISTRY  
CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, mixt. with (6E,10E,14E,18E)-  
2,6,10,15,19,23-hexamethyl-2,6,10,14,18,22-tetracosahexaene, lecithins,  
Quil-A, sorbitan mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)  
derivs. and sorbitan tri-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
CN 2,6,10,14,18,22-Tetracosahexaene, 2,6,10,15,19,23-hexamethyl-,  
(6E,10E,14E,18E)-, mixt. contg. (9CI)  
CN Quil-A, mixt. contg. (9CI)  
CN Sorbitan, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs.,  
mixt. contg. (9CI)  
CN Sorbitan, tri-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, mixt. contg. (9CI)  
MF C60 H108 O8 . C30 H50 . C27 H46 O . Unspecified . Unspecified .  
Unspecified  
CI MXS, MAN  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
RN 66594-14-7 REGISTRY  
CN Quil-A (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER NAMES:  
CN Iscotec AB  
CN Spikoside  
MF Unspecified  
CI COM, MAN  
LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, AIDSLINE, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA,  
CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEN, CHEMLIST, CIN, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE, PROMT,  
RTECS\*, TOXLINE, TOXLIT, USPATFULL  
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
141 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
12 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
141 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

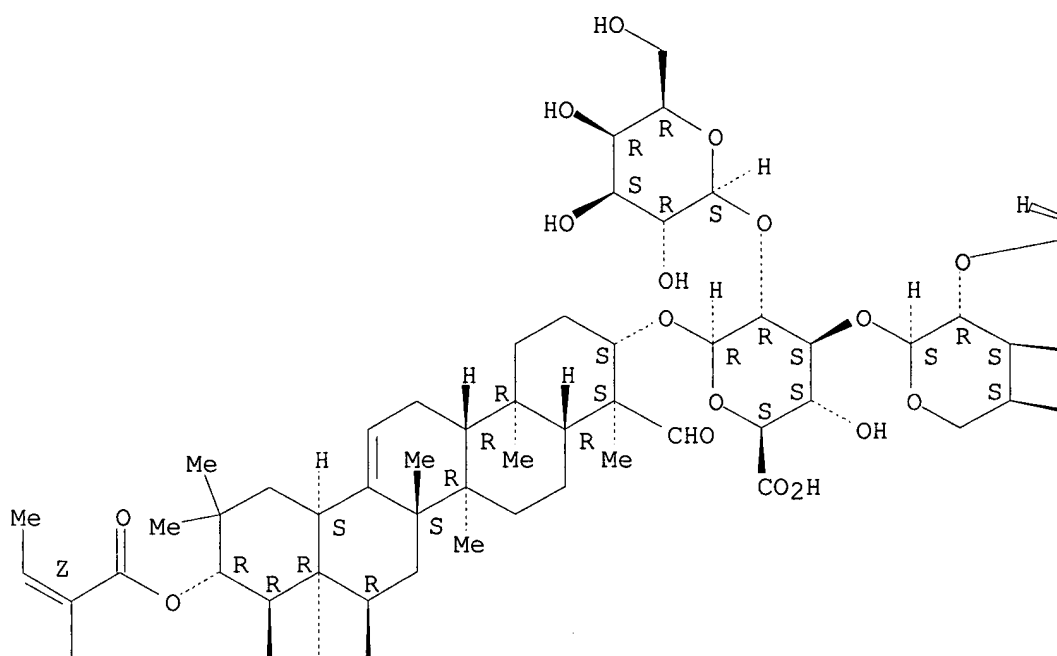
L5 ANSWER 3 OF 1130 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
RN 316157-17-2 REGISTRY  
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

OTHER NAMES:

CN **Assamsaponin H**  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C60 H92 O28  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

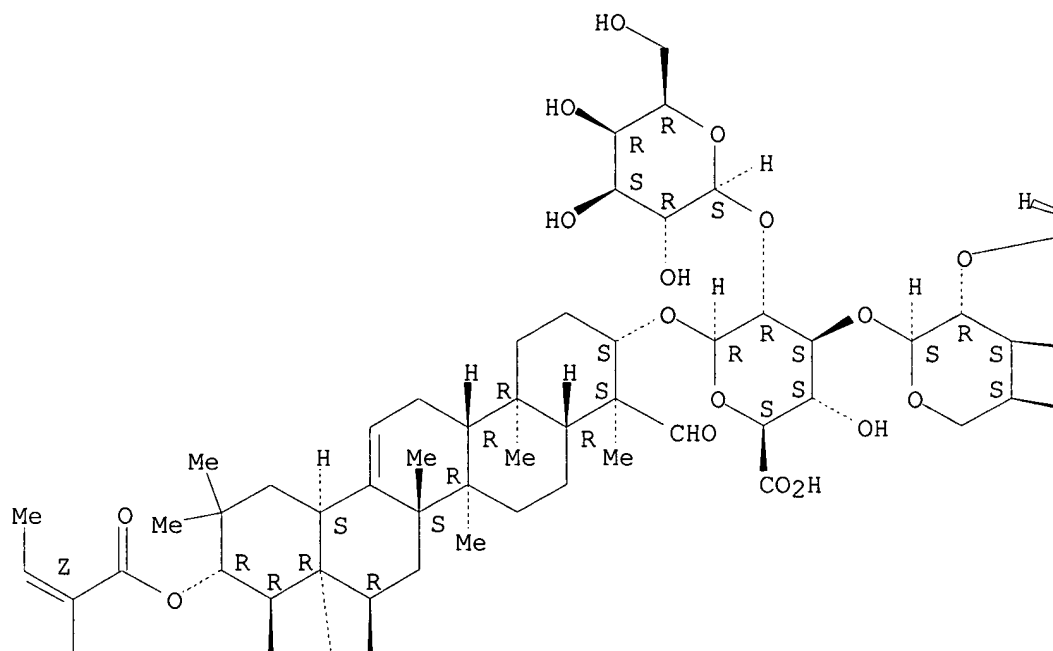


L5 ANSWER 4 OF 1130 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
RN 316157-16-1 REGISTRY  
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED  
OTHER NAMES:

CN **Assamsaponin G**  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C60 H92 O28  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

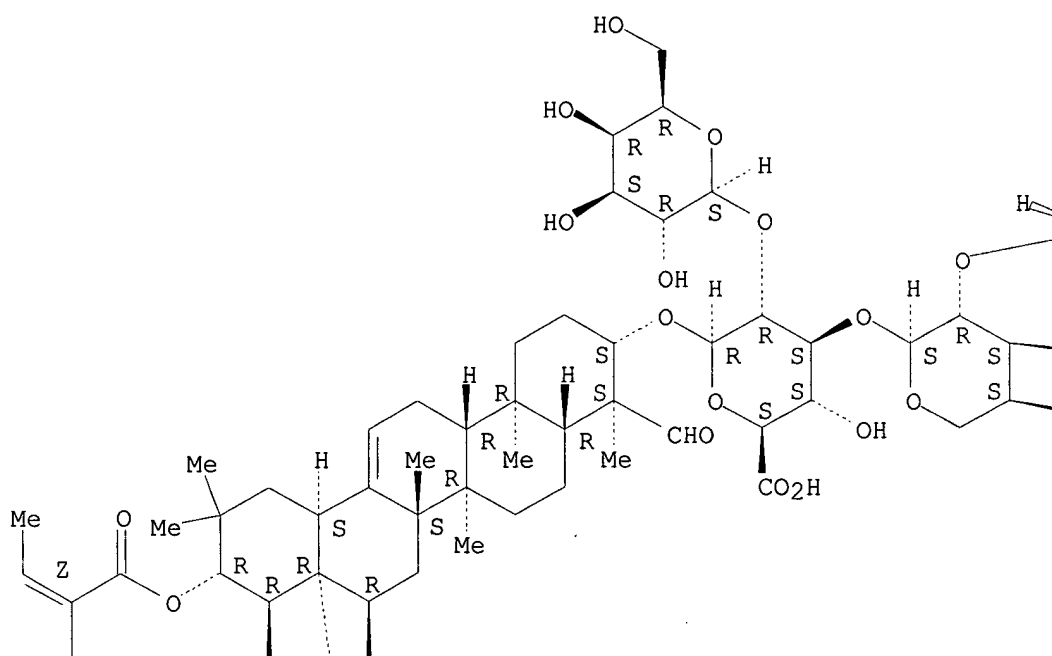




L5 ANSWER 5 OF 1130 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2001 ACS  
RN 316157-15-0 REGISTRY  
CN INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED  
OTHER NAMES:  
CN **Assamsaponin F**  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C62 H94 O29  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



L2 ANSWER 1 OF 16 USPATFULL  
 AN 1999:137454 USPATFULL  
 TI Parasitic helminth P39 proteins, and uses thereof  
 IN Grieve, Robert B., Windsor, CO, United States  
 Frank, Glenn R., Wellington, CO, United States  
 Mika-Grieve, Marcia, Windsor, CO, United States  
 Tripp, Cynthia Ann, Ft. Collins, CO, United States  
 PA Heska Corporation, Ft. Collins, CO, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 Colorado State University Research Foundation, Ft. Collins, CO, United States (U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 5977306 19991102  
 AI US 1995-487031 19950606 (8)  
 RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-3389, filed on 12 Jan 1993,  
 now  
 abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-101283, filed  
 on 3 Aug 1993, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO  
 1994-US679, filed on 12 Jan 1994 which is a continuation-in-part of  
 Ser.  
 No. US 193389 Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1993-3257, filed on 12 Jan 1993, now  
 abandoned And Ser. No. US 1993-109391, filed on 19 Aug 1993, now  
 patented, Pat. No. US 5639876, said Ser. No. US 193389 which is a  
 continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-654226, filed on 12 Feb 1991,  
 now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 19101283 which is a continuation of  
 Ser. No. US 19654226  
 DT Utility  
 EXNAM Primary Examiner: Caputa, Anthony C.; Assistant Examiner: Masood,  
 Khalid  
 LREP Sheridan Ross P.C.  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 7  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN 16 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)  
 LN.CNT 3776  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The present invention relates to parasitic helminth proteins of about  
 39  
 kD (i.e., P39 proteins); to parasitic helminth P39 nucleic acid  
 molecules, including those that encode such proteins; and to antibodies  
 raised against such proteins. The present invention also includes  
 methods to obtain such proteins, nucleic acid molecules, and  
 antibodies.  
 Also included in the present invention are therapeutic compositions  
 comprising such proteins, nucleic acid molecules, and/or antibodies as  
 well as the use of such therapeutic compositions to protect animals  
 from  
 diseases caused by parasitic helminths.

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 16 USPATFULL  
 AN 1999:81539 USPATFULL  
 TI Viral vector vaccines comprising nucleic acids encoding **eimeria**  
 proteins for poultry vaccination against coccidiosis  
 IN Vermeulen, Arnoldus Nicolaas, Cuijk, Netherlands  
 Boogaart, Paul van den, Oss, Netherlands  
 Kok, Jacobus Johannus, Nijmegen, Netherlands  
 PA Akzo Nobel, N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (non-U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 5925347 19990720  
 AI US 1995-468857 19950606 (8)  
 RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1994-310357, filed on 21 Sep 1994, now  
 abandoned  
 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-102865, filed on 6 Aug  
 1993,

now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-904075, filed  
on 18 Jun 1992, now abandoned  
PRAI EP 1991-201523 19910618  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Crouch, Deborah  
LREP Gormley, Mary E.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 4  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 10 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 2115

AB The invention is concerned with novel **Eimeria** proteins with  
immunogenic properties as well as with DNA sequences encoding these  
proteins. These proteins can be administered to chickens thereby  
protecting the chickens against coccidiosis. In addition the DNA  
encoding these proteins can be used for the preparation of a vector  
vaccine against coccidiosis.

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 1999:1790 USPATFULL  
TI PSKH-1 ribozymes  
IN Prydz, Hans Peter Blankenborg, Holmen vei 50 K, 0376 Oslo, Norway  
Brede, Gaute, Vaekeroevei 30, 0282 Oslo, Norway  
PI US 5856463 19990105  
AI US 1996-715568 19960918 (8)  
PRAI NO 1995-3680 19950918  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: LeGuyader, John L.; Assistant Examiner: Larsen,  
Thomas

G.  
LREP Lerner, David, Littenberg, Krumholz & Mentlik  
CLMN Number of Claims: 9  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 8 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 949

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed is a purified full-length cDNA molecule encoding putative  
serine kinase enzyme (PSKH-1), and the expression of the cDNA in a  
recombinant host cell to produce substantially purified PSKH-1, per se.  
Inactivation of PSKH-1 pre-mRNA or PSKH-1 mRNA halts DNA synthesis and  
cell division. Also disclosed are ribozymes capable of cleaving PSKH-1  
pre-mRNA or mRNA and thus deactivating PSKH-1 translation. Ribozymes of  
the hammerhead and hairpin motifs, and various compositions containing  
same, are also disclosed. The ribozymes compositions are used in the  
treatment of mammalian patients suffering from diseases or medical  
conditions characterized by abnormal cell proliferation or growth such  
as cancer and various non-malignant diseases or medical conditions such  
as autoimmune diseases, allograft rejection and atherosclerosis.

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 1998:118847 USPATFULL  
TI **Eimeria** tenella polypeptide and vaccine containing same  
IN Clarke, Lorraine Elizabeth, Cumnor, United Kingdom  
Tomley, Fiona Margaret, Cambridge, United Kingdom  
Dijkema, Rein, ML Oss, Netherlands  
Vermeulen, Arno, HH Cuyk, Netherlands  
PA Akzo Nobel N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5814320 19980929  
AI US 4734688 19950607 (8)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. 500162, filed on 27 Mar 1990, now patented,  
Pat.

No. 5677438  
PRAI EP 89303032 19890328  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Sidberry, Hazel F.  
LREP Gormley, Mary E.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 5

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 19 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 930

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention is concerned with a protein having the immunological properties of **Eimeria** tenella which is reactive with a monoclonal antibody E. TEN 11P-2 raised against E. tenella sporozoites.

The invention also relates to polypeptide fragments of this protein which can be used for immunization against E. tenella. These proteins and polypeptides can be prepared by isolation from E. tenella, by chemical synthesis or by recombinant DNA methods using the polynucleotides described herein or related sequences.

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 1999 ACS

AN 1998:708701 CAPLUS

DN 129:314968

TI **Eimeria** proteins from Triton X-114 extract as coccidiosis vaccines and immunological reagents

IN Vermeulen, Arno N.; Clercx-Breed, Dominique G. j.

PA Akzo Nobel N.V., Neth.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 872486	A1	19981021	EP 1998-201097	19980407
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	ZA 9802763	A	19981005	ZA 1998-2763	19980401
	CA 2234472	AA	19981009	CA 1998-2234472	19980408
	AU 9860754	A1	19981015	AU 1998-60754	19980408
	JP 10298104	A2	19981110	JP 1998-97400	19980409

PRAI EP 1997-302447 19970409

AB Comps. comprising **Eimeria** proteins or variants/fragments of such proteins can be used to produce a coccidiosis vaccine or immunol. reagent. The proteins are present in the **hydrophilic** phase of a Triton X-114 ext. of **Eimeria** sporozoites and have mol. masses of **26-30** .+- . 5 kDa when detd. by **SDS** **PAGE** under **reducing** conditions. Nine **hydrophilic** fractions of sporozoite proteins from E. tenella, sepd. according to different mol. wt., were tested for their ability to stimulate T-cell responses in PBL from day 8 p.i. in chickens. Although all vaccine preps. induced strong T-cell responses, surprisingly only one fraction induced partial protection against oral challenge infection with E. tenella oocysts.

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 1998:162322 USPATFULL

TI Parasitic helminth asparaginase proteins, nucleic acid molecules, and uses thereof

IN Chandrashekar, Ramaswamy, Fort Collins, CO, United States

Tsuji, Naotoshi, Fort Collins, CO, United States

PA Heska Corporation, Fort Collins, CO, United States (U.S. corporation)  
Colorado State University Research Foundation, Fort Collins, CO, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5854051 19981229

AI US 1997-929501 19970915 (8)

DT Utility

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Patterson, Jr., Charles L.; Assistant Examiner: Nashed, Nashaat T.

LREP Heska CorporationColorado State University Research Foundation

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 2723  
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to: parasitic helminth asparaginase proteins; parasitic helminth asparaginase nucleic acid molecules, including those that encode such asparaginase proteins; antibodies raised against such asparaginase proteins; and compounds that inhibit parasitic helminth asparaginase activity. The present invention also includes methods to obtain such proteins, nucleic acid molecules, antibodies, and inhibitory compounds. Also included in the present invention are therapeutic compositions comprising such proteins, nucleic acid molecules, antibodies and/or inhibitory compounds as well as the use of such therapeutic compositions to protect animals from diseases caused by parasitic helminths.

L2 ANSWER 7 OF 16 USPATFULL  
AN 1998:131549 USPATFULL  
TI Human monocyte elastase inhibitor antibodies  
IN Remold-O'Donnell, Eileen, Brookline, MA, United States  
PA Center for Blood Research, Inc., Boston, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5827672 19981027  
AI US 1996-662318 19960613 (8)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-315831, filed on 30 Sep 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5663299 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-755461, filed on 6 Sep 1991, now patented, Pat. No. US 5370991 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1989-314383, filed on 23 Feb 1989, now abandoned  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Eisenschenk, Frank C.; Assistant Examiner: Nolan, Patrick  
LREP Wolf, Greenfield & Sacks, PC  
CLMN Number of Claims: 10  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,9  
DRWN 31 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 2736

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A new human elastase inhibitor is provided. The human monocyte elastase inhibitor is isolated, purified, characterized at the molecular level and cloned. The human monocyte elastase inhibitor is capable of forming a covalent complex with elastase or Proteinase-3 and is capable of inhibiting elastase.

L2 ANSWER 8 OF 16 USPATFULL  
AN 1998:95420 USPATFULL  
TI DNA encoding an *Eimeria* 200 kd antigen  
IN Vermeulen, Arnoldus Nicolaas, Cuijk, Netherlands  
Boogaart, Paul van den, Oss, Netherlands  
Kok, Jacobus Johannus, Nijmegen, Netherlands  
PA Akzo Nobel N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (non-U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5792644 19980811  
AI US 1995-468852 19950606 (8)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1994-310357, filed on 21 Sep 1994 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-102865, filed on 6 Aug 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-904075, filed on 18 Jun 1992, now abandoned  
PRAI EP 1991-201523 19910618  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Caputa, Anthony C.  
LREP Gormley, Mary E.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 16  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,9  
DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1978

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention is concerned with novel **Eimeria** proteins with immunogenic properties as well as with DNA sequences encoding these proteins. These proteins can be administered to chickens thereby protecting the chickens against coccidiosis. In addition the DNA encoding these proteins can be used for the preparation of a vector vaccine against coccidiosis.

L2 ANSWER 9 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 1998:91861 USPATFULL

TI DNA encoding an Eimekia 50 KD antigen

IN Vermeulen, Arnoldus Nicolaas, Cuijk, Netherlands  
van den Boogaart, Paul, Oss, Netherlands

Kok, Jacobus Johannus, Nijmegen, Netherlands

PA Akzo Nobel N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 5789233 19980804

AI US 1994-310357 19940921 (8)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-102865, filed on 6 Aug 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-904075, filed on 18 Jun 1992, now abandoned

PRAI EP 1991-201523 19910618

DT Utility

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Caputa, Anthony C.

LREP Gormley, Mary E.

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,13

DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1973

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention is concerned with novel **Eimeria** proteins with immunogenic properties as well as with DNA sequences encoding these proteins. These proteins can be administered to chickens thereby protecting the chickens against coccidiosis. In addition the DNA encoding these proteins can be used for the preparation of a vector vaccine against coccidiosis.

L2 ANSWER 10 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 1998:82587 USPATFULL

TI Coccidiosis poultry vaccine DNA encoding an elmeria 20K antigen

IN Vermeulen, Arnoldus Nicolaas, HH Cuijk, Netherlands  
van den Boogaart, Paul, SC Oss, Netherlands

Kok, Jacobus Johannus, DH Nijmegen, Netherlands

PA Akzo Nobel N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 5780289 19980714

AI US 1995-468855 19950606 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1994-310357, filed on 21 Sep 1994 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-102865, filed on 6 Aug 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-904075, filed on 18 Jun 1992, now abandoned

PRAI EP 1991-201523 19910618

DT Utility

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Caputa, Anthony C.

LREP Gormley, Mary E.

CLMN Number of Claims: 16

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,9

DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1964

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention is concerned with novel **Eimeria** proteins with immunogenic properties as well as with DNA sequences encoding these proteins. These proteins can be administered to chickens thereby protecting the chickens against coccidiosis. In addition the DNA encoding these proteins can be used for the preparation of a vector vaccine against coccidiosis.

L2 ANSWER 11 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 1998:51474 USPATFULL  
TI Filariid nematode cysteine protease proteins  
IN Tripp, Cynthia Ann, Ft. Collins, CO, United States  
Frank, Glenn R., Ft. Collins, CO, United States  
Grieve, Robert B., Windsor, CO, United States  
PA Heska Corporation, Ft. Collins, CO, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5750391 19980512  
AI US 1995-463989 19950605 (8)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-249552, filed on 26 May 1994, now abandoned  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Wax, Robert A.; Assistant Examiner: Lau, Kawai  
LREP Sheridan Ross P.C.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 9  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 2683

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to parasite astacin metalloendopeptidase and filariid cysteine protease proteins, nucleic acid molecules having sequences that encode such proteins, antibodies raised against such proteins and compounds that can inhibit the activities of parasite astacin metalloendopeptidases or cysteine proteases. The present invention also includes methods to obtain such nucleic acid molecules, proteins, antibodies and inhibitors. The present invention also includes  
therapeutic compositions comprising such nucleic acid molecules, proteins, antibodies and inhibitors as well as their use to protect animals from disease caused by parasites, such as heartworm.

L2 ANSWER 12 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 97:109749 USPATFULL  
TI Filariid cysteine protease genes  
IN Tripp, Cynthia Ann, Ft. Collins, CO, United States  
Frank, Glenn R., Ft. Collins, CO, United States  
Grieve, Robert B., Windsor, CO, United States  
PA Heska Corporation, Ft. Collins, CO, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5691186 19971125  
AI US 1995-463262 19950605 (8)  
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-249552, filed on 26 May 1994, now abandoned  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Wax, Robert A.; Assistant Examiner: Lau, Kawai  
LREP Ross P.C., Sheridan  
CLMN Number of Claims: 10  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 2667

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to parasite astacin metalloendopeptidase and filariid cysteine protease proteins, nucleic acid molecules having sequences that encode such proteins, antibodies raised against such proteins and compounds that can inhibit the activities of parasite astacin metalloendopeptidases or cysteine proteases. The present invention also includes methods to obtain such nucleic acid molecules, proteins, antibodies and inhibitors. The present invention also includes  
therapeutic compositions comprising such nucleic acid molecules, proteins, antibodies and inhibitors as well as their use to protect animals from disease caused by parasites, such as heartworm.

L2 ANSWER 13 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 97:106806 USPATFULL  
TI Coccidiosis vaccines  
IN Binger, Mary-Helen, Hopewell, NJ, United States  
Pasamontes, Luis, Trimbach, Switzerland

PA Hoffmann-La Roche Inc., Nutley, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 5688513 19971118  
AI US 1994-257392 19940609 (8)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1991-729099, filed on 12 Jul 1991, now  
patented,  
Pat. No. US 5403581  
DT Utility  
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Sidberry, Hazel F.  
LREP Johnston, George W.; Epstein, William H.; Smith, Catherine R.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 7  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
DRWN 52 Drawing Figure(s); 50 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1827

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides an immunogenic polypeptide having the amino acid sequence ##STR1## and fragments thereof, which polypeptides are capable of inducing an immune response against *Eimeria* parasites, and the DNA encoding such polypeptides, as well as recombinant vectors and recombinant viruses containing the said DNA or fragments thereof and transformed microorganisms containing such vectors and viruses and coccidiosis vaccines comprising such polypeptides.

L2 ANSWER 14 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 97:94369 USPATFULL

TI Coccidiosis vaccine

IN Clarke, Lorraine Elizabeth, Cumnor, United Kingdom  
Tomley, Fiona Margaret, Cambridge, United Kingdom  
Dijkema, Rein, Oss, Netherlands  
Vermeulen, Arno, Cuyk, Netherlands

PA Akzo Nobel N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 5677438 19971014

AI US 1990-500162 19900327 (7)

PRAI EP 1989-303032 19890328

DT Utility

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Sidberry, Hazel F.

LREP Gormley, Mary E.; Blackstone, William M.

CLMN Number of Claims: 8

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 13 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 927

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention is concerned with a protein having the immunological properties of *Eimeria* tenella which is reactive with a monoclonal antibody E. TEN 11P-2 raised against E. tenella sporozoites.

The invention also relates to polypeptide fragments of this protein which can be used for immunization against E. tenella. These proteins and polypeptides can be prepared by isolation from E. tenella, by chemical synthesis or by recombinant DNA methods using the polynucleotides described herein or related sequences.

L2 ANSWER 15 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 97:86474 USPATFULL

TI DNA encoding an *Eimeria* 100kD antigen

IN Vermeulen, Arnoldus Nicolaas, Cuijk, Netherlands  
van den Boogaart, Paul, Oss, Netherlands  
Kok, Jacobus Johannus, Nijmegen, Netherlands

PA Akzo Nobel N.V., Arnhem, Netherlands (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 5670362 19970923

AI US 1995-468853 19950606 (8)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1994-310357, filed on 21 Sep 1994 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-102865, filed on 6 Aug 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-904075, filed on 18 Jun 1992, now abandoned

PRAI EP 1991-201523 19910618

DT Utility



EXNAM Primary Examiner: Caputa, Anthony C.  
LREP Gormley, Mary E.  
CLMN Number of Claims: 16  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,9  
DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)  
LN.CNT 1964

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention is concerned with novel **Eimeria** proteins with immunogenic properties as well as with DNA sequences encoding these proteins. These proteins can be administered to chickens thereby protecting the chickens against coccidiosis. In addition the DNA encoding these proteins can be used for the preparation of a vector vaccine against coccidiosis.

L2 ANSWER 16 OF 16 USPATFULL

AN 95:29388 USPATFULL

TI Coccidiosis vaccines

IN Binger, Mary-Helen, Hopewell, NJ, United States

Pasamontes, Luis, Trimbach, Switzerland

PA Hoffmann-La Roche Inc., Nutley, NJ, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5403581 19950404

AI US 1991-729099 19910712 (7)

DT Utility

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Sidberry, Hazel F.

LREP Gould, George M.; Epstein, William H.; Roseman, Catherine R.

CLMN Number of Claims: 9

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 52 Drawing Figure(s); 50 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 1824

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides an immunogenic polypeptide having the amino acid sequence ##STR1## which polypeptides are capable of inducing an immune response against **Eimeria** parasites, and the DNA encoding such polypeptides, as well as recombinant vectors and recombinant viruses containing the said DNA and transformed microorganisms containing such vectors and viruses and coccidiosis vaccines comprising such polypeptides.

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 6 MEDLINE

AN 94120693 MEDLINE

DN 94120693 PubMed ID: 8291209

TI Protective oral immunization of chickens against *Eimeria tenella* with sporozoite surface antigens.

AU Rhalem A; Sahibi H; Dakkak A; Laurent F; Kazanji M; Yvone P; Pery P

CS Institut Agronomique et Veterinaire Hassan II, Rabat, Morocco.

SO VETERINARY IMMUNOLOGY AND IMMUNOPATHOLOGY, (1993 Oct) 38 (3-4) 327-40.  
Journal code: XCB; 8002006. ISSN: 0165-2427.

CY Netherlands

DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LA English

FS Priority Journals

EM 199402

ED Entered STN: 19940312

Last Updated on STN: 19970203

Entered Medline: 19940222

AB Antigens were extracted from the surface of *Eimeria tenella* sporozoites with a solution containing Triton X 100 (1%), sodium dodecyl sulphate (0.5%) Na deoxycholate (1%) and EDTA (1 mM). After removal of the detergents, these surface antigen preparations conferred

an immunity that protected chickens against a subsequent infection (10(4) sporulated oocysts). The best results were obtained after two 250 micrograms injections of Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> adsorbed antigens (oocyst output per g caecal material on Day 7 post infection:  $2.39 \times 10(7) \pm 0.32 \times 10(7)$  oocysts for controls and  $7.37 \pm 10(6) \pm 3.19 \times 10(6)$  oocysts for vaccinated birds) and after four gastric intubations of liposome entrapped antigens (oocysts output on Day 7 postinfection:  $2.75 \times 10(6) \pm 2.02 \times 10(6)$  g-1 caecal material). These results represented respectively 70 and 88% protection indexes. Studies on the systemic and local antibody response after one or several infections of chickens with the parasite indicated at least 20 different molecules in the detergent antigens which are classified after immunoblotting according to their properties.

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 6 MEDLINE

AN 92333104 MEDLINE

DN 92333104 PubMed ID: 1629609

TI In situ immunocytochemical detection of cells containing antibodies specific for *Eimeria tenella* antigens.

AU Vervelde L; Vermeulen A N; Jeurissen S H

CS Central Veterinary Institute, Department of Virology, Lelystad, Netherlands.

SO JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGICAL METHODS, (1992 Jul 6) 151 (1-2) 191-9.  
Journal code: IFE; 1305440. ISSN: 0022-1759.

CY Netherlands

DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LA English

FS Priority Journals

EM 199208

ED Entered STN: 19920904

Last Updated on STN: 19920904

Entered Medline: 19920817

AB A three-step immunocytochemical method for the in situ detection of antibodies specific for *Eimeria tenella* has been developed. The method is based on the binding of *E. tenella* antigens to antibodies in cryostat sections of chicken tissues and the recognition of these antigens

by rabbit antiserum specific for *E. tenella* or mouse monoclonal antibodies specific for *E. tenella*. The rabbit antiserum and mouse monoclonal antibodies were revealed by the immunoperoxidase technique. Suspensions of sonicated sporulated oocysts, incubated with or without various concentrations of the non-ionic detergents **Triton** X-100 (TX-100) or Nonidet P-40 (NP-40), were used as antigen. Cells containing antibodies specific for *E. tenella* were detected only when detergent extracts of sonicated sporulated oocysts were used. After chickens were intravenously immunized with a suspension of sonicated sporulated oocyst antigen, cells containing antibodies specific for *E. tenella* antigens were detected in the red pulp of the spleen. After simultaneous immunoenzyme staining for isotype and antigen specificity, the *E. tenella*-specific antibody-containing cells were of the IgM isotype after the primary immunization and of the IgM and IgG isotype after the booster immunization. Immune complexes specific for *E. tenella* on the surfaces of follicular dendritic cells in the germinal centers were also stained. Chickens were also orally infected with sporulated oocysts. In these experiments, cells containing antibodies specific for *E. tenella* were detected in the lamina propria of the ceca and in the red pulp of the spleen. Specific immune complexes were also detected in the germinal centers of the cecal tonsils. When detergent extracts of sonicated sporulated oocysts were characterized by immunoblotting, rabbit antiserum specific for *E. tenella* reacted with proteins ranging in size from 16 kDa to 200 kDa, with major bands of 20 kDa, 24 kDa, 45 kDa, and 100 kDa. Monoclonal antibodies specific for *E. tenella* recognized only proteins of low molecular weight (20 kDa and 24 kDa) or high molecular weight (80-100 kDa). Immune chicken serum reacted with proteins of low and high molecular weight but especially with proteins of 100 kDa and 113 kDa. This method is the first by which immune complexes and cells containing antibodies specific for parasitic antigens can be detected in situ and may be of value for studies of the local humoral immune response to *E. tenella* in the mucosa of chickens.

L1 ANSWER 4 OF 6 MEDLINE  
AN 91202438 MEDLINE  
DN 91202438 PubMed ID: 2128339  
TI Identification of an apically-located antigen that is conserved in sporozoan parasites.  
AU Taylor D W; Evans C B; Aley S B; Barta J R; Danforth H D  
CS Department of Biology, Georgetown University, Washington, D.C.  
NC R01 AI 20917 (NIAID)  
SO JOURNAL OF PROTOZOOLOGY, (1990 Nov-Dec) 37 (6) 540-5.  
Journal code: JT3; 2985197R. ISSN: 0022-3921.  
CY United States  
DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LA English  
FS Priority Journals  
EM 199105  
ED Entered STN: 19910607  
Last Updated on STN: 19910607  
Entered Medline: 19910523  
AB Sporozoan parasites of the phylum Apicomplexa all possess common apical structures. The current study used a monoclonal antibody (mAb-E12) to identify a conserved antigen in the apical region of merozoites of seven species of *Plasmodium* (including rodent, primate and human pathogens),

tachyzoites of *Toxoplasma gondii*, bradyzoites of *Sarcocystis bovis*, and sporozoites and merozoites of *Eimeria tenella* and *E. acervulina*. The antigen was also present in sporozoites of haemosporinid parasites. Immunofluorescence studies showed that the antigen was restricted to the apical 3rd of these invasive stages. Using immunoelectron microscopy, labeling was demonstrated in the region of the polar ring, below the paired inner membranes of the parasite pellicle, and near the subpellicular microtubules radiating from the polar ring of merozoites and sporozoites of *E. tenella*. The majority of the antigen could be extracted with 1% **Triton**-X 100, but a portion remained associated with the cytoskeletal elements. The molecule has a relative rate of migration (Mr) of 47,000 in *Plasmodium* spp. and 43-46,000 in coccidian species. Since the epitope recognized by mAb-E12 is highly conserved, restricted to motile stages, and appears to be associated with microtubules, this antigen could be involved in cellular motility and cellular invasion.

L1 ANSWER 5 OF 6 MEDLINE  
 AN 89258543 MEDLINE  
 DN 89258543 PubMed ID: 2724179  
 TI Changes in the cytoplasmic elements of cultured cells infected with *Eimeria* vermiformis sporozoites.  
 AU Adams J H; Bushell G R  
 CS Department of Parasitology, University of Queensland, St. Lucia, Brisbane, Australia.  
 SO JOURNAL OF PROTOZOOLOGY, (1989 Mar-Apr) 36 (2) 133-8.  
 Journal code: JT3; 2985197R. ISSN: 0022-3921.  
 CY United States  
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LA English  
 FS Priority Journals  
 EM 198907  
 ED Entered STN: 19900306  
 Last Updated on STN: 19900306  
 Entered Medline: 19890711  
 AB Epithelial-type (PK-15) and fibroblast-type (MDBK) mammalian cell cultures were inoculated with purified *Eimeria* vermiformis sporozoites. Matched samples from 0 to 93 h after inoculation (HAI) were processed for electron microscopy; half of the sample preparations were extracted with non-ionic detergent prior to fixation. Specimens were examined by both transmission and scanning electron microscopy. Numerous sporozoites were attached to the cultured cells from 2 to 93 HAI, usually near the cell periphery. Some host cell microvilli extended up and appeared attached to the sporozoites. Sporozoites fixed during the penetration process were markedly constricted at the site of entry; however, no noticeable changes occurred in the host cell membrane or surface microvilli during sporozoite invasion or in sporozoite-infected cells. In cells extracted with 1% **Triton** X-100, the host cytoskeleton was progressively reorganized about the parasites but changes were limited to the immediate area of the sporozoite. Around resident sporozoites, the cytoskeleton became less dense but also more ordered, which contrasted with adjacent cell areas. Cytoskeletal elements passed both over and under the parasites. The appearance of the cytoskeleton suggested that the host cell formed a loose, basket-like net of cytoskeletal elements about the parasite.

L1 ANSWER 6 OF 6 MEDLINE  
 AN 87039218 MEDLINE  
 DN 87039218 PubMed ID: 3534564  
 TI Identification of the sporozoite antigens of *Eimeria tenella*.  
 AU Wisher M H  
 SO MOLECULAR AND BIOCHEMICAL PARASITOLOGY, (1986 Oct) 21 (1) 7-15.  
 Journal code: NOR; 8006324. ISSN: 0166-6851.  
 CY Netherlands  
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LA English  
 FS Priority Journals  
 EM 198612  
 ED Entered STN: 19900302  
 Last Updated on STN: 19900302  
 Entered Medline: 19861211  
 AB The surface membranes of *Eimeria tenella* sporozoites were  
 labelled with 125I and polypeptides resolved by polyacrylamide gel  
 electrophoresis in sodium dodecyl sulphate (SDS-PAGE). The most heavily  
 labelled polypeptides were 47, 26, 21 and less than or equal to 18 kDa  
 but  
 significant amounts of 125I were incorporated into a number of  
 polypeptides with molecular weights ranging from greater than 200 000 to  
 less than 18 000. Similar 125I-polypeptide profiles were observed after  
 the surface labelling of sporozoites of *E. acervulina*, *E. maxima* and *E.*  
*nieschulzi*. Sporozoites of *E. tenella* were also radiolabelled by  
 incubation in medium containing [35S]methionine and SDS-PAGE resolved  
 more  
 than 35 radiolabelled polypeptides with molecular weights from greater  
 than 200 000 to less than 18 000. 125I and 35S-labelled sporozoites of *E.*  
*tenella* were solubilised in the detergents **Triton** X-100 or  
 sodium deoxycholate and immunoprecipitated with serum from chickens  
 immunized by infection with this species. Polypeptides of unlabelled *E.*  
*tenella* sporozoites, resolved by SDS-PAGE, were blotted onto  
 nitrocellulose and the antigens, which reacted with the chicken serum,  
 identified by immunoperoxidase staining. There was some variation between  
 different sporozoite preparations in the number and molecular weights of  
 antigens identified by these techniques but, consistently, the major  
 surface polypeptides that were specifically immunoprecipitated were 104,  
 47 and 43 kDa. Specifically immunoprecipitated 35S-labelled antigens were  
 of 123-94 kDa, 54-42 kDa and 32-25 kDa and antigens detected on Western  
 blots were within the following ranges: 113-96 kDa, 73-67 kDa, 54-42 kDa,  
 37-32 kDa and 18-14 kDa.

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